TVC/CLA TMEA NO. \_2.2.1. SHUTTLE CCTV DWG NO. <u>2294819-506\_5087</u> CRITICAL ITEMS LIST <u> 2294821-503</u> CRITICALITY 2/2 SHEET ÐF FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE ON END ITEM RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE DESIGN FEATURES No output signal to the VSU. Loss of camera output Neilher video or synchronization depicting scene information within FUV of lens The IVC/Lens Assembly is comprised of 16 electrical subassemblies; 13 subassemblies information is present. are RCA Astro designed and fabricated using standard printed-circuit board type of assembly. construction. The remaining three assemblies, high voltage power supply, oscillator, TVC and stepper mutors, are vendor supplied components which have been specified and Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Worst Case: ourchased according to RCA Specification Control Drawings (SCDs) prepared by engi-Chain 2294880-504. loss of mission <u> 42 - Camera-Timing Logic 229488)-50</u>8 critical video. nearing and reliability assurance. Specifications per the SCD are prepared to establish the design, performance, test, qualification, and acceptance requirements A4 - Sync formalter. Video output for a procured piece of equipment. drive 2294884-503 A6 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulaturs Parts, materials, processes, and design guidelines for the Shuttle CCTV program are specified in accordance with RCA 2295503. This document defines the program require-Output Voltage Regulators ments for salection and control of EEE parts. To the maximum extent, and consistent 2294885-501 with availability, all parts have been selected from military specifications at the A?- DC-DC converter. Primary JAN level, as a minimum. In addition to the overall selection criteria, a subset of oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 general purpose preferred parts has been defined by this document and the RCA Govern-413- Master Oscillator 2295527-1 ment Systems Division Standard Parts List. In the case of the CMOS and [IL family of microcircuits, devices are screened and tosted to the MCL—SED—803C equivalent and procured under the designations of HI-REL/3MQ and SNC 54LS from RCA-S5D and Texas Instruments Corp. respectively. Parts not included in the above documents have been used in the design only after a nonstandard item approval form (MSIAF) has been prepared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering (RAE) and approved for use in the specific application(s) defined in the NS(AF by MASA-JSC. Horst-Case Circuit Analyses have been performed and documented for all circuit designs to demonstrate that sufficient operating margins exist for all operating conditions. The analysis was worst case-in that the value for each of the variable parameters was set to limits that will drive the output to a maximum (or minimum). A component application review and analysis was conducted to verify that the applied stress on each piece part by the temperature extremes identified with environmental qualification testing does not exceed the stress derating values identified in RCA 2295503. In addition, an objective examination of the design was parformed through a PDA and CDA to verify that the IVC/Lens assembly met specification and contractual require-

FNEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRETICAL TIEMS LIST	UNIT TYC/CLA  ONG NO2294819-596,508/2294821-583  SHEET _2
FAITURE MUDE AND  CAUSE  ID OUTPUL Signal to the VSU.  Inither video or synchronization  Information is present.  YC.  1 - Sync Generator. Clock Divider  Chain 2294880-504.  2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501  4 - Sync Formatter. Video output  drive 2294884-503.  5 - Power On/Off Switching  Input Voltage Preregulators  Dutput Voltage Regulators  229488-501.  Y- DC-OC converter. Primary  Oscillator driver. Secondary  Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503.  Haster Oscillator 2295527-1	FAILURE EFFECT  ON END TIEM  Loss of camera output depicting scene information within FOV of lens assembly.  Horst Case: Loss of mission critical vides.	BESIGN FEATURES  HARE BOARD DESIGN (A1, A4, A6, A7)  The design for the associated boards A1, A4, A6, A7, arcopper-clad epoxy glass sheets (NEHA G-10) Grade FR-4), connections are made through printed traces which run f board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular r surrounds the hole in which a component lead or termina provides a footing for the solder, ensuring good mechan performance. Its size and shape are governed by MIL-P-spacing and routing. These requirements are reiterated notes to further assure compliance. Variations between final product (due to irregularities of the elching prodrawing notes. This prevents making defective boards f house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrical board layers, contain stitch bars for mechanical support. The thru holes are drilled from a drill tape thus eliminumen error and allowing tight control over hole and on important reliability criterion. After drilling and et tin-lead plated per HIL-SID-1495. This provides for eather time of board assembly, even after periods of prolosoment leads are pre-tinned, allowing total wetting are formed to provide stress relief and the bodies of Special mounting and handling instructions are included after final assembly. The board is coated with urethan humidity and contamination.	e constructed from laminated PER HIL-P-55617A. Circuit rom point to point on the ing. The annular ring lis located. This ring ical and electrical \$5640 as are trace widths, specifically in drawing the artwork master and the cess) are also controlled by rom good artwork. Holes which ly interconnect the different t and increased reliability. The nating the possibility of nular ring concentricity, an ching, All copper cladding is sy and reliable soldering at nged storage.  maximum reliability.  maximum reliability.  maximum reliability.  maximum reliability.  of solder joints. All leads arge components are staked.  in each drawing required
	1	1	

ГИЕА NO. <u>2.2.1</u> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ CRICICALITY \_ 2/2 FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE No output signal to the V5U. Neither video or symphronization intermation is present. Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. 67 - Camera-Timing togic 2294881-501 A4 - Sync Farmatter. Video output drive 2294854-503 A6 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Proregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294865-501 A/- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Ractifiers/Filters 2294886-503 A13- Master Osci77ator 2295527-1

# SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST

# FAILURE EFFECT ON END IYEN

toss of camera output depicting scene information within FOV of lens assembly.

<u>Worst Case</u>: Loss of mission critical video.

# DESIGN FEATURES

BARE BOARD CONSTRUCTION (A2)

The boards are of "welded wire" construction. At the bare board level this does not distinguish it from a normal PC board except that holes which will take weld pins generally are not connected to PC traces. Only those pins which bring power and ground potentials to the ICs are on PCs. An annular ring surrounds the hole in the board where each power and ground pin is located. These pins are then soldered to the trace like any other component lead. Aside from this feature, all design a construction techniques used in PC board layout apply.

BATTONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE

# DOARD ASSEMBLY (A2)

The drilled and etched boards are populated with several hundred solderable or weldable pins. Power and ground pins, as well as connector pins, are soldered in place. Discreet components (resistors, diodes, capacitors) are attached to bifurcated terminals, where they are soldered. Flatpack ICs are welded, lead-by-lead, to the tops of the weld pins. After welding, extra lead material is trimmed away. Circuit connections are made using #36 AWG nickel weld wire. The wire is welded to the pin surfaces on the board backside. All wire welds are done using a machine which is tape driven, thus eliminating the possibility of miswiring due to operator error. All wiring 8 circuit performance is tested prior to box-level installation. After successful testing, components are staked as required by drawing notes and the assembly is coated with orethane.

The board is inserted in the box on card-edge guides, in the same manner as the other PC boards.

#### HOARD PLACEMENT

The A7-A low voltage power supply board is bolted in place at 6 points around its perimeter. Four of these mounting screws also pass through and tie down the smaller A7-B board. These two boards are mounted face-to-face, separated by the standoffs. Electrical interconnections are achieved by jumper wires between the two boards. The A7-A houses a 34-pin connector which brings in power and signals from outside the module.

the AT module includes these two boards as well as power transistor Q4. The module housing is bent aluminum sheet, comprised of two halves screwed together. The boards and Q4 are secured to the lower half, and wired together. Then the upper half is put in place. By mounting Q4 directly to the aluminum housing, good thermal performance is assured.

The Al. A2, A4, A6, boards are secured in the electronics assembly by gold-plated beryllium copper card guides. Connections are made to the mother board with blind-mated connectors. Disengagement during launch is prevented by a cover which spans the board's free edge.

			. REVISED 11-3-86
FNEA NO 2.2.1		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LUST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u> OWG NO. <u>2294819-506, 508/</u> <u>2294821-503</u> SHEET <u>4</u> OF <u>9</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE  No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present.   VC	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Luss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly.  Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE  The AlB assembly is a temperature compensated voltage of (ICVCXO) that is purchased to a specification controlled the requirements for performance, design, test, and quaproduct assurance provisions of the document contain the electronic parts and materials as the Shuttle CCIV prograpproval of RCA and NASA-JSC. Mechanical and electrical is confirmed by both analysis (design reviews) and test QUALIFICATION_TEST  For Qualification Test flow, see Table 2 located at the	ontrolled crystal oscillator d drawing that establishes lification of the unit. The e identical requirements for ram and must receive the l integrity of the assembly (qualification and acceptance).
	I		

FMEA NO		CA	SHUTTLE CCTY ITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>FVC/CLA</u> DAG ND. <u>2294819-506, 508/</u> <u>2294821-503</u> SHEEF <u>5</u> OF <u>9</u>
FATURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM		RATEONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
No autput signal to the VSU. Neither video or symptomization unformation is present.	Loss of camera putput depicting scene information within FOV of lens assembly.	ACCEPTANCE TEST  The CCTV systems' I might be used in th	VC/CLA is subjected directly, withousein normal installation, to the following	ut vibration isolaturs which
<u>IVC</u> A] - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504, A2 - Camera-Timing togic 2294881-501 A4 - Sync Formalter. Video autput drive 2294884-503 A6 - Power On/Off Switching	Norst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	• Vibration:	20-80Hz: 3 dB/Dgt-rise from 80-350 Hz: 0.04 G²/Nz 350-750 Hz; -3 dB/10 Oct-slope 1 Minute per Axis 6.1 Gras	Ø.01 G <sup>2</sup> /Hz
Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501		• Ihermal Varuum:	In a pressure of $1 \times 10^{-5}$ Turn, the fullows:	tamperature shall be as
A7- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294806-503			125° F: Time to stablize equipment 25° F: Time to stablize equipment 125° F: Time to stablize equipment	t plus I hour
A]3- Moster Oscillator 2295527-1		The TVC/CLA may not	have been subjected to the vacuum o	condition.
		lar Acceptance test	Flow, see Table 1 located at the fo	ront of this book.
		OPERATIONAL TESTS OPERATIONAL TESTS		
		through the RCU, the decoder. The test	that CCTV components are operational command related components from the inrough the sync lines to the Comera/ must also verify the comera's abilities, and the monitor's ability to dito verify the MUN command path.	PTU, to the Camera/PTU command
			Orbiter Test/In-flight Test	
•		1. Power CCT 2. Via the P test as s 3. Send "Cam 4. Select "E 5. Observe v synchroni is receiv synchroni 6. Send l'an via the n 7. Select de	V System.  HS panel, select a monitor as destinource.  Hera Power On" command from PHS panel  External Sync" on munitor.  Fided displayed on munitor. Note the  Fided (i.e., stable raster) them this  Fing composite sync from the RCW and  Fired video.  Fill, focus, Zoom, OtR, ANO Gamma  Honitor or direct observation) verification as destination and camera un	t if video on monitor is indicates that the camera that the camera that the camera that the camera is producing commands and visually leither y operation.  der Lest as source.
UZ 148	2 ~/-	وي 9. Send <sup>ال</sup> ريم	wideo Fouced to dominand via PHS pane mera Power Off" command via PHS pane teps 3 through 9 except issue comman wes that the CCTV equipment is opera	

2026116. Specification Epoxy Adhesive 2010985. Specification - Marking 2280876, Specification - Workmanship 8030035, Specification - Bonding and Staking 2280875.

FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TYC/CLA  DWG NO 2794819-506, 508/, 2294021-503  SHEET 6 OF 9
FAILURE HODE AND  CAUSE  No output signal to the VSD. Neither video or synchronization information is present.  LVC  5] - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. A2 - Camera-liming togic 2294881-501 A9 - Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 A6 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 A1- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 A13- Naster Oscillator 2295527-1	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ILEM Loss of comera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	Procurement Control — The TVC/CLA EEE Parts and hardwapproved venders and suppliers, which meet the requirement and Quality Plan Work Statement [WS-2593176] review all procurement documents to establish the need (PAL 517).  Incoming Inspection and Storage — Incoming Quality in received materials and parts. Results are recorded by drawing and control combers for future reference and are subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called Inspection Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts accordance with RCA 1846684 — Preconditioning and Accelectronic Parts, with the exception that DPA and PIN Mechanical items are inspected per PAI 316 — Incoming mechanical items, PAI 305 — Incoming Quality Control PAI 612 — Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchause. Accepted items are delivered to Material Control Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material Control and for Material Review Board (NRB) dispusition. (Publical Assembly & Test — Prior to the start of fVC boards.)	SHEET 6 OF 9  Are items are procured from ements set forth in the CCTV  Resident DCAS personnel of for GSE on selected parts  spections are made on all y lot and retained in file by traceability. All EEE parts for in PAI 315 - Incoming are further processed in eptance Requirements for D testing is not performed. Inspection Instructions for laspection Instruction, and sed Parts Designated for Flight led Stores and retained red. Non-conforming materials are AI-307, PAI IQC-531).
-		are verified to be currect by stock room personnel, a form a kit. The items are verified again by the open checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). DCA are designated for all printed circuit, wire wrap and hurness connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, so workmanship prior to coating of the component side of harnesses.  1VC Boards  Specific TVC board assembly and test instructions are applicable documents are called out in the Fabricatio (FPR-2294819) and parts list PL2294819. These includ 2593660, Process Standard RTV-566 2280881, Process St. 2280889, Specification Soldering 2280749, Specification	ator who assembles the kit by S Handatory Inspection Points welded wire boards, plus lder splices and quality boards and sleeving of provided in drawing notes, and n Procedure and Record a shuttle IVC assembly notes and ard - Bonding Velorn Tape
		1960167, Specification - Crimping 2280800, Specificat 2280878, Specification - Urethane coating 2280877, Sp	ion - Bonding and Staking

			#[412[D 10-14-
CRETICALITY		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITENS LEST	UNIT TYC/CLA  DWG NG. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503  SHEET 2 OF 9
IAILURE MODE AND CANSE IN Output signal to the VSM. Ierther video or synchronization Information is present.  VC 11 - Sync Generator. Elock Divider Chain 2294880-504. 12 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 14 - Sync formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 15 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 17 - OC-OC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/filters 2294886-503 14 - Master Oscillator 2295527-1	FAILURE EFFECT ON END LIEH  Loss of camera gutput depicting scene informa- tian within FOV of lens assembly.  Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTA  QA/INSPECTION  IVC Assembly and Test — An open box test is perfor Acceptance Test per TP-AF-2294019, including vibral are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers a are checked prior to use. ACA Quality and BCAS instrumpletion of specified FPR operations in accordant and PAI 217. BCAS personnel witness TVC button-up a IVE/CLA Assembly and Test — After a TVC and an CLA they are mated and a linal acceptance test is performed vacuum environments. RCA and and review the acceptance test data/results. These conformance after all repair, rework and retest.  Preparation for Shipment — The TVC and CLA are separation and testing is complete. Each is packated and 2200746, Process standard for Packaging and Handbornmentation including assembly drawings, Parts Ligathered and held in a documentation folder assigned this folder is retained for reference. An EIDP is accordance with the requirements of WS-2593176. RCA accordance with the requirements of WS-2593176.	med per TP-IT-2294819, and an ion and thermal vacuum. Torques re recorded and calibrated tools pections are performed at the e with PAI-204, PAI-205, PAI 206 and critical torquing.  have has been tested individually, rmed per 1P-AI-2294819, including DCAS personnel munitor these tests personnel also inspect for rated prior to shipment after ged according to CCTV Letter HOII thing guidelines. All related \$1, ABPL, fest (lata, etc., is d specifically to each assembly, prepared for each assembly in A OC and DCAS personnel mitness
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FMEA NO 2.2.1	 ·	SHUTTLE CETY CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE TO output signal to the VSD. Leither video or synchronization information is present.  VC 11 - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. 12 - Camera-Timing Logic 229488)-501 14 - Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 15 - Power On/Olf Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 16 - OC-OC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 113 - Master Oscillator 2295527-1	FAILURE EFFECT ON END TIEM Loss of camera output depicting scene information within 1DV of lens assembly.  Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE  FAILURE HISTORY  IDR - W2644 - Log #0462, IVC S/N £003-502  IOR - W2640 - Log #0463, IVC S/N £003-502  Oescription: Integration Testing Failure Box Level Thermal-Vac Hot Environment  No video from IVC. +2B volt current at 1.5 Amp limit. (30 minutes into thermal vac hot test cycle -105°F)  Cause: Short in A7 low voltage power supply. (High voltage winding of transformer)  Corrective Action: Removed and replaced transformer (sent to vendor for analysis). Short due to a pin-hole in magnet wire insulation. Future transformers to be purchased per revised spec control drawing ECN CCIV 649(B3028).  TOR - W2740 - Log #0486 - IVC S/N 008-502  Description: Pre-Launch Test Failure Box Level	
		Ambient Environment  REF; VJCS-2-0)-0097 unit returned from KSC. P (+28V).  Cause: Incorrect wiring of shuttle craft harne RIN to J1-9.  Corrective Action: Wiring of shuttle harness to organization. Failure analysis performed and of S/N ONB. Ab board-failure analysis indicated to changed. Q1, Q3, Q12, CR3, CR6, and R5) were r  TDR - W8024 - Log #0530 - IVC S/N 007-502  Description: Acceptance Test Failure Bow level Thermal Vac - Hot Environment.  TVC drawing excessive current, >1.5A. Failur Cause: Capacitor C10 on the Ab board was found of solder flowed inside (rom sleeve thru beader Corrective Action: Capacitor C10 removed & reg	ess, put +20V to J1-10 and to be repaired by responsible corrective action taken on TVE the following parts are to be replaced. The occurred at +125°F. The be shorted. A large quantity of the corrections are to be the corrections are to be the corrections are corrected.

FAILURE HODE AND FAILURE EFFECT CAUSE ON END ITEM		SINITILE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>3VC/CLA</u> DING NO. <u>2294819-506, 508/</u> 2294821-503 SHEET <u>8A</u> OF <u>9</u> .
No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present.	toss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within fUV of lens assembly.	FALLURE HISTORY  TOR - W2644 - Log #0462, TVC S/N F003-502  TOR - W2640 - Log #0463, TVC S/N F003-502	•
T <u>VC</u> <u>Al</u> - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. <u>A</u> 2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501	<u>Warst Case</u> : Loss of mission critical video.	<u>Description</u> : Integration Testing Failure Box Level Thermal-Vac Hot Environment	
Ad - Sync formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 Ad - Power On/Off Switching		No video from TVC. +28 volt current at 1.5 Amp li vac hot test cycle -185°F)	mit. (30 minutes into therma)
Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294685-501		<u>Cause</u> : Short in A7 low voltage power supply. (High voltage winding of transformer)	
AZ- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 All- Haster Oscillator 2295527-1		<u>Corrective Action</u> : Removed and replaced transformer (sent to vendor for an Short due to a pin-hole in magnet wire insulation. Future transformers to be purchased per revised spec control drawing ECN CC 649(B302B).	
		10R - W2740 - Lag #0486 - TVC S/N 008-502	
	<u>.</u>	Description: Pre-Launch Test Failure  Bux Level  Ambient Environment  REF: VJCS-2-01-0097 unit returned from KSC. Pr (+28V).	ower was applied to wrong pins.
		<u>Cause</u> : Incorrect wiring of shuttle craft harnes ATM to 31-9.	ss, put +28V to J1-10 and
		Corrective Action: Wiring of shuttle harness to organization. Failure analysis performed and co 5/N 008. A6 board-fallure analysis indicated the changed. Q1, Q3, Q12, CR3, CR6, and R51 were re	orrective action taken on TVC he following parts are to be
		10k - W8024 - Log #0530 - TVC S/N 007-502	
		<u>Description</u> : Acceptance lest failure Box Level Thermal Vac – Hot Environment. IVC drawing excessive current, >1.5A. Failure	e accurred at +125 <sup>u</sup> F.
		<u>Cause</u> : Capacitor C10 on the A6 board was found of solder flowed inside trum sleeve thru header.	to be shorted. A large quantily
•		Eggrective Action: Capacitor C10 removed & rep	laced, (random part failure).

FMEA NO. \_ 2.2.1 CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FATLURE NODE AND ON END ITEM. CAUSE Loss of camera output to output signal to the VSU. depicting scene informaleither video or synchronization tion within FCV of lens information is present. assem**bl**y. 1) - Sync Generator, Clock Divider Worst Case: Loss of mission Chain .2294888-504. 12 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 critical video-14 - Sync formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 46 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 AZ- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 A]3- Master Oscillator 2295527-1

SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST UNIT TYC/CLA
ONG NO. 2294819-506, 508/
2294821-593
SHEET 88 0F 9

# FAILURE HISTORY

<u>Description:</u> Flight Fallure, Spacecraft Level
RNS TV Camera circuit breaker pupped open during flight mission STS-3.

Cause: Camera low voltage supply has erratic syncronization mode at low temperature.

RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE

Corrective Action: All flight cameras were returned under CCA35 for rework and retest to ECN C-1881. ECN (C-1881) to the low voltage power supplies eliminates the erratic syncronization problem. TVC group part no. has been changed from 2294819-502 to 504 to denote cameras that contain low voltage power supply modification.

(DR = Y1773 - Lag #0570 - TVC S/N 008-502

Description: flight failure

Spacecraft (evel (STS-3)

TVC not synchronized for approximately 38 minutes. This problem occured at cold temperature. Synchronization was regained at  $2^{\rm qC}$ .

<u>Couse</u>: Loss of phase lock due to thermal assymetry of the 3.58 MHz Phase detector.

<u>Corrective Action</u>: CCA 39 has been issued directing RCA to incorporate the heater and sync modifications (ECN CCT 838) to all flight camera's. IVC 008 was modified accordingly. IVC group number has been updated from group 502 to 506.

TOR = Y1779 = Lag #576 = TVC 57N 014-502

Description: Flight Failure (SIS-3)

Spacecraft Level

1DR was opened to follow relay K1 – contacts 5 and  $\theta$  failure on ass'v 2294805-501 S/N F018.

			REVISIED 11-3-86
FMEA NO. 2.2.1		SHITTLE CCTV CRITICAL TIEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA  DNG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503  SHEET <u>8C</u> OF 9
		SMITTLE CCTV CRITICAL TIEMS LIST  #ATIGNALE FOR ACCEPTAL  FAILURE HISTORY  TOR - 8-352) - Log #1165 - TVC S/N 038-508  Description: Acceptance Test Failure	SHEET 8C OF 9  PYCF  Lights and putput video information.

FMEA NO. 2.2.1		SHUTTLE CCTV CAITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNETTVC/CLA	
FAILURE HODE AND FAILURE EFFECT		DATIONALE EDO ACCEDIANCE		
CAUSE  Yo nutput signal to the VSU.  Yeither video or synchronization information is present.  LVC  \$1 - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880~504.  \$2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294081-501  \$4 - Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503  \$2 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501  \$2 - OC-OC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/filters 2294886-503  \$43 - Master Oscillator 2295527-1	ON END ITEM Loss of camera output depicting scena information within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	CREW ACTIONS  If possible, continue RHS operations using alternative CREW TRAINING  Crew should be trained to use possible alternatives to MISSION CONSTRAINI  Where possible, procedures should be designed so they CCTV.	vas dua to loss of RMS cameras  visual cues.  CCTV.	
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